



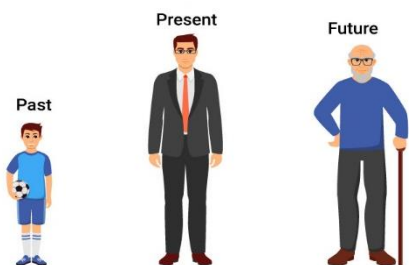
INDIAN SCHOOL AL WADI AL KABIR

CLASS: VI	Department: ENGLISH	Date of Submission: AUGUST 2022
Worksheet No:11	TOPIC: TENSES	Note: To be written in the language notebook

TENSE is the form taken by a verb to degree of completeness.

Tenses are of three kinds:

- I. **Present tense** (the time now)
- II. **Past tense** (the time then)
- III. **Future tense** (the time to come)



show the time of an action and its

Each of these three main tenses has four forms:

1. **Simple** (indefinite): It states an action.
2. **Continuous** (progressive): It states an action in progress.
3. **Perfect**: It indicates that the action is complete.
4. **Perfect Continuous**: It indicates that the action started at a given time in the past is continuous up to the present.

ENGLISH VERB TENSE	Past	Present	Future
SIMPLE	I studied English yesterday.	I study English.	I will study English.
CONTINUOUS	I was studying English.	I am studying English.	I will be studying English.
PERFECT	I had studied English.	I have studied English.	I will have studied English.
PERFECT CONTINUOUS	I had been studying English.	I have been studying English.	I will have been studying English.

SIMPLE TENSES

Simple Present Tense

The Simple Present Tense is used:

- To tell us about a situation or an event in the present time.
- To show habitual action, custom, routine or habit.
- To express general truths, scientific facts, and geographical facts.
- To express future events that are part of a fixed timetable or programme.
- With words like generally, usually, always, once a month, never, every day, often etc.

For example:

Subject + verb (s/es) + object
Romie loves to eat burgers.

Subject + do/does + not + verb + object
Romie does not love to eat burgers.

Do/does + subject + verb + object + ?
Does Romie love to eat burgers?

The earth revolves around the Sun.
 We live in Delhi.
 My sister travels once a month.
 My father leaves for London tomorrow.

✚ Simple Past Tense

The simple past tense is used:

- To express an action that has already been completed in the past.
- To express past habits.

For example:

I received the parcel last week.
 As a child, I attended the ballet classes regularly.



+	S + Was/were They were friends.	S + V-ed She worked yesterday.
-	S + was not/were not + ... They weren't friends.	S + did not + verb (base form) She didn't work yesterday.
?	Was/Were + S + ...? They weren't friends.	Did + S + verb (in base form)? Did she work yesterday?

✚ Simple Future Tense

The simple future tense is used:

- To express an action in the future.
- To indicate an offer or promise or an instant decision at the moment of speaking.


For example:

The meeting will take place tomorrow.
 You will  get a prize if you stand first.
 It is very  hot; I will switch on the AC.

Affirmative	S + will/shall + V I will go to Thailand.
Negative	S + will/shall + not + V I will not go to Thailand.
Interrogative	Will/shall + S + V Will you go to Thailand?

Exercise:1

Read the instructions in the brackets and complete these sentences.

1. The minister _____ Italy next week. (simple future of **visit**)
2. The vendor _____ in front of our house. (simple past of **shout**)
3. Mr. Mittal _____ a lot with the shopkeepers. (simple present of **bargain**)
4. The workers _____ for their hometown next month. (simple future of **leave**)
5. Honesty _____ in the long run. (simple present of **pay**)
6. The gardener _____ a tomato plant in the garden. (simple past of **grow**)
7. Karan _____ that his pet dog is his best friend. (simple present of **say**)
8. Raghav _____ a guitar in the concert. (simple future of **play**)
9. I _____ around the lake for over an hour. (simple past of **cycle**)
10.  Raisa's hobby _____ birdwatching. (simple present of **be**)

Exercise:2

Fill in the blanks with the simple tense forms of the verbs given in the brackets.

1. As a child, Tina _____ (play) in her free time, but now she _____ (read) daily.
2. The river _____ (overflow) if it rains again tomorrow.
3. He _____ (cancel) the show tickets yesterday.

4. Canada _____ (be) a country of different cultures.
5. Thomas Edison _____ (invent) the telephone.

Exercise:3

Read these sentences. Underline the verbs and state the tense indicated by them.

1. Rita goes swimming in the afternoon.
2. We will never meet the activist later in the day.
3. The Bhansalis buy fruits every Sunday.
4. Samir visited our farmhouse yesterday.
5. I will know my test results in a week.
6. Mrs Bose is a dance teacher
7. There were many species of reptiles in the forest.
8. Mother will bake a cake for all of us.
9. Peehu sat in the library and read the storybook.
10. Our library has a big reading room.

